Transformations Worksheet

For each exercise, a parent function is given along with a set of transformations. Write a formula for the transformed function. Use transformations to sketch a graph of the transformed function.

Example:

Parent function:

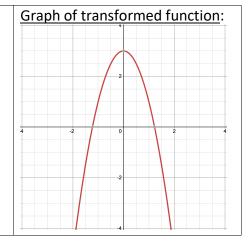
$$f(x) = x^2$$

Transformations:

- reflect over the *x*-axis
- vertical stretch by a factor of 2
- shift up 3 units

<u>Transformed function</u>:

$$g(x) = -2x^2 + 3$$



1.

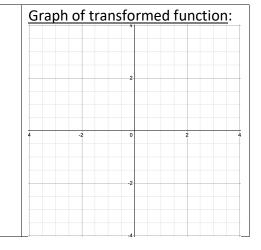
Parent function:

$$f(x) = |x|$$

Transformations:

- horizontal stretch by 2
- shift left 2 units
- shift down 3 units

Transformed function:



2

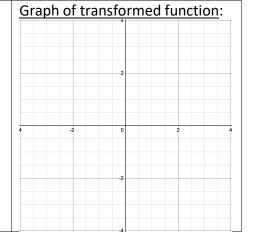
Parent function:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

Transformations:

- vertical compression by 3
- shift right 2 units
- shift up 1 units

Transformed function:



3.

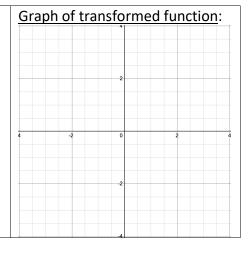
Parent function:

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$$

Transformations:

- horizontal stretch by 4
- reflect over *x*-axis
- shift right 2 units

Transformed function:



4.

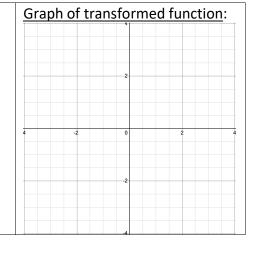
Parent function:

$$f(x) = e^x$$

Transformations:

- reflect over y-axis
- shift down 2 units
- shift right 1 unit
- vertical stretch by a factor of 2

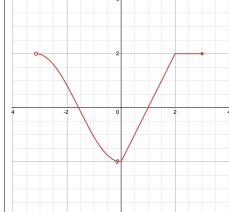
Transformed function:



5

Parent function:

f(x) is defined by the graph:



Transformations:

- reflect over *y*-axis
- vertical compression by a factor of 2
- shift down 1 unit

<u>Transformed function</u>:

