**Instructions** 

- 1) Take a moment to look over the following functions. See if you notice any patterns or clues as to what aspects of the formula may indicate a function is even or odd.
- 2) Choose from these examples to work through the following pages.

## <u>Goal</u>

You will attempt to develop an algebraic test you can use to determine from the formula whether a function is even or odd.

## Even Functions

 $\begin{array}{r}
 \overline{1)} \quad f(x) = x^2 \\
 \overline{2)} \quad f(x) = 3x^2 + 6 \\
 \overline{3)} \quad f(x) = x^4 - 6x^2 + 2 \\
 \overline{4)} \quad f(x) = |x| \\
 \overline{5)} \quad f(x) = |x| (.1x^4 - x^2 + 2) \\
 \overline{6)} \quad f(x) = |x|^3 \\
 \overline{7)} \quad f(x) = \frac{1}{(x+1)(x-1)} \\
 \overline{8)} \quad f(x) = \sqrt{|x^2 - 3|}
\end{array}$ 

## Odd Functions

1) f(x) = 4x2)  $f(x) = x^{3}$ 3)  $f(x) = x^{3} - 6x$ 4)  $f(x) = .1x^{5} - x^{3} + 2x$ 5)  $f(x) = |x|^{3}(x^{3})$ 6)  $f(x) = .4x\sqrt{|x|}$ 7)  $f(x) = \frac{x}{(x+1)(x^{-1})}$ 8)  $f(x) = \frac{(x^{3}+1)(x^{3}-1)}{x}$ 

Functions that are neither Even nor Odd

1) f(x) = 4x + 22) f(x) = |x - 3|3)  $f(x) = x^4 - 6x^3 + 2$ 4)  $f(x) = .1x^4 - x^5 + 2x^2$ 5)  $f(x) = \sqrt{x + 4}$ 6)  $f(x) = \frac{1}{(x+1)|x-1|}$ 7) f(x) = 2(x - 2|x|) + 38)  $f(x) = \sqrt{|x^2 - 2x - 3|}$  **Instructions** 

- 1. Select a function from the list on the previous page and write it on the chart below.
- 2. Mark whether the function is even, odd, or neither.
- 3. Open the applet: <u>https://www.desmos.com/calculator/0rfczha2oz</u>
- 4. Replace the existing formula with your function formula after "f(x) =".
- 5. Choose values for x by sliding the point labeled "x".
- 6. Using both positive and negative values for x, fill in the rows of your chart.
- 7. Write down your observations. What patterns (if any) do you notice?
- 8. Repeat steps 1 through 6. Choose functions that are even, odd, and neither. When you can correctly predict patterns in the numbers, you've done enough charts.

f(x) =					Circle one: even / odd / neither
х	f(x)	-X	f(-x)	observations	

f(x) =	:			Circle one: even / odd / neither	
х	f(x)	-x	f(-x)	observations	

f(x) =				<b>Circle one:</b> even / odd / neither
х	f(x)	-X	f(-x)	observations

## Developing Algebraic Tests for Even and Odd Functions

f(x) =				<b>Circle one:</b> even / odd / neither
х	f(x)	-X	f(-x)	observations

			<b>Circle one:</b> even / odd / neither
f(x)	-X	f(-x)	observations
	f(x)	f(x) -x	f(x) -x f(-x)

f(x) =	:				Circle one: even / odd / neither
х	f(x)	-x	f(-x)	observations	

f(x) =			<b>Circle one:</b> even / odd / neither	
х	f(x)	-x	f(-x)	observations

9. Based on your observations, can you make an algebraic statement about even and/or odd functions that always holds true?